

THE BIBLE STUDY PROGRAM

WEEK 65 – 2 Chronicles 18 – 23 & Romans 12 – 13

WEEK 65 – ANSWERS

1. **Sunday** – Worship/Time With Family/Review Answers With Others

2. **Monday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 18 – Read & Answer Below

- a) The first verse of this chapter reads, “Now _____ had riches and honour in _____, and joined affinity with _____.” (Jehoshaphat; abundance; Ahab, vs. 1)
- b) Ahab “persuaded” Jehoshaphat to go up with him to what place? (Ramoth-gilead, vs. 2-3)
- c) As discussed in this chapter, name the “king of Israel” and also the “king of Judah.” (Ahab was the king of Israel and Jehoshaphat was the king of Judah, vs. 3)
- d) How many men of the prophets did Ahab gather together to tell him what he wanted to hear regarding going to Ramoth-gilead to battle? (400, vs. 5)
- e) Regarding what true prophet of God, did Ahab say, “but I hate him?” (Micaiah, vs. 7)
- f) What was the name of the false prophet that demonstrated Israel and Judah’s supposed overthrow of Syria with “horns of iron?” (Zedekiah, vs. 10)
- g) In what verse does the faithful Micaiah say, “As the Lord liveth, even what my God saith, that will I speak?” (2 Chronicles 18:13)
- h) What was the name of the false prophet that “...came near, and smote Micaiah upon the cheek?” (Zedekiah, vs. 23. Reference back to vs. 10 also)
- i) Does the king of Israel or the king of Judah die during this unauthorized battle? (The king of Israel, vs. 33-34)

2) Romans 12 – Read Only

3. **Tuesday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 19 – Read & Answer Below

- a) 2 Chronicles 19:2 strongly says, “And _____ the son of _____ the seer went out to meet him, and said to king _____, Shouldest thou _____ the _____, and love them that hate the Lord? Therefore is _____ upon thee from before the Lord.” (Jehu; Hanani; Jehoshaphat; help; ungodly; wrath)
- b) What was the name of Jehu’s father? (Hanani the seer, vs. 2)
- c) Although Jehoshaphat had committed sin by his fellowship with wicked Ahab, overall was he a man that wanted to seek God and a man with good things in him? (Yes, vs. 3)
- d) 2 Chronicles 19:4 tells us that Jehoshaphat “...went out again through the _____ from Beersheba to mount Ephraim, and _____ them back unto the _____ God of their fathers.” (people; brought; Lord)
- e) In what verse does Jehoshaphat tell the judges that he established, “Take heed what ye do: for ye judge not for man, but for the Lord, Who is with you in the judgment?” (2 Chronicles 19:6)

- f) In 2 Chronicles 19:7, the text reads, “Wherefore now let the ____ of the ____ be upon you; take heed and ____ it...” (fear; Lord; do)
- g) In what verse does Jehoshaphat say, “...Deal courageously, and the Lord shall be with the good?” (2 Chronicles 19:11)

2) Romans 12 – Read & Answer Below

- a) According to the first verse, Christians are to present their bodies as “a living _____.” (sacrifice, vs. 1)
- b) Are Christians to be holy? (Yes, vs. 1)
- c) Are Christians to be humble? (Yes, vs. 3)
- d) Although the body of Christ is composed of various members with different talents and functions, etc., the text makes it clear that there is but ____ body. (one, vs. 4-5)
- e) What verse says, “...Abhor that which is evil; cleave to that which is good?” (Romans 12:9)
- f) Are Christians to be people of prayer? (Yes, vs. 12)
- g) Are Christians to be people of hospitality? (Yes, vs. 13)
- h) What verse says, “If it be possible, as much as lieth in you, live peaceably with all men?” (Romans 12:18)
- i) What verse says, “Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good?” (Romans 12:21)

4. Wednesday –

1) 2 Chronicles 20 – Read & Answer Below

- a) In view of the coming armies against him, 2 Chronicles 20:3 states, “And _____ feared and set himself to _____ the Lord, and proclaimed a _____ throughout all _____.” (Jehoshaphat; seek; fast; Judah)
- b) 2 Chronicles 20:4 says, “And _____ gathered themselves together, to ask _____ of the Lord...” (Judah; help)
- c) During Jehoshaphat’s prayer to God, he mentions “Abraham Thy friend,” speaking of the fact that Abraham was God’s friend. What verse references this? (2 Chronicles 20:7)
- d) What descendant “of the sons of Asaph” had “the spirit of the Lord” come upon him so that he prophesied about God’s promise of deliverance during the anticipated battle? (Jahaziel, vs. 14)
- e) The phrase, “...for the battle is not yours, but God’s” is found at the end of what verse? (2 Chronicles 20:15)
- f) After Jehoshaphat and Judah heard the words of promised deliverance as spoken by the inspired Jahaziel, what did they do? (They fell before God and worshipped Him, vs. 18-19)
- g) The end of 2 Chronicles 20:20 shows Jehoshaphat saying, “...Believe in the _____ your God, so shall ye be established; _____ His _____, so shall ye prosper.” (Lord; believe; prophets)
- h) What was the name of the valley wherein those of Judah blessed the Lord after receiving all the spoils of victory? (The valley of Berachah, vs. 26)
- i) How many years did Jehoshaphat reign over Judah? (25 years, vs. 31)
- j) What prophet rebuked the otherwise faithful Jehoshaphat when he fell back into the same sin as before (i.e., fellowship with evil)? (Eliezer, vs. 35-37)

2) Romans 12 – Read & Word Study/Research

- a) Romans 12:2 reads, “And be not _____ to _____ world: but be ye _____ by the renewing of your _____, that ye may prove what is that good, and _____, and perfect, will of God.” (conformed; this; transformed; mind; acceptable)
- b) What verse tells us that a person should not “think of himself more highly than he ought to think...?” (Romans 12:3)
- c) Romans 12:5 declares, “So we, being many, are _____ body _____ Christ, and every one members one of another.” (one; in)
- d) Showing the great importance of leadership, what verse says, “...he that ruleth, with diligence...?” (Romans 12:8)
- e) Romans 12:10 tells us, “Be _____ affectioned one to another with _____ love; in honour _____ one another.” (kindly; brotherly; preferring)
- f) What verse says, “...Distributing to the necessity of saints...?” (Romans 12:13)
- g) Romans 12:15 declares, “_____ with them that do rejoice, and _____ with them that weep.” (Rejoice; weep)
- h) What verse in this chapter contains the statement, “Be not wise in your own conceits?” (Romans 12:16)
- i) What Old Testament Scripture is referenced in Romans 12:19? (Deuteronomy 32:35)

5. **Thursday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 21 – Read & Answer Below

- a) What was the name of the son of Jehoshaphat that reigned after him in Judah? (Jehoram, vs. 1)
- b) Was Jehoram the firstborn of Jehoshaphat? (Yes, vs. 3)
- c) What did Jehoram do to his brothers and to certain of the princes? (He slew them, vs. 4)
- d) How many years did Jehoram reign in Judah? (8 years, vs. 5, 20)
- e) In reference to Jehoram, what verse says, “And he walked in the way of the kings of Israel, like as did the house of Ahab: for he had the daughter of Ahab to wife...?” (2 Chronicles 21:6)
- f) Per 2 Chronicles 21:8-10, what two groups revolted against Jehoram? (The Edomites and also Libnah)
- g) A “writing” came from what famous prophet to Jehoram? (From Elijah, vs. 12)
- h) What son was spared to preserve the seed line? (Jehoahaz, vs. 17)
- i) How many years passed between the time the prophet told Jehoram that he would have disease by the sickness of bowels and when he died from such? (Two years, vs. 19)

2) Romans 13 – Read Only

6. **Friday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 22 – Read & Answer Below

- a) After the death of Jehoram and referring to the same person as 2 Chronicles 21:17, 2 Chronicles 22:1 says, “And the inhabitants of Jerusalem made _____ his youngest son king in his stead....” (Ahaziah)

- b) How many years did Ahaziah reign in Jerusalem over Judah? (1 year, vs. 2)
- c) What was his mother's name? (Athaliah, vs. 2)
- d) Was Ahaziah wicked or righteous? (He was wicked, vs. 3)
- e) Was the mother of Ahaziah wicked or righteous? (She was wicked, vs. 3)
- f) What verse speaks of "Jehu" who "was executing judgment upon the house of Ahab?" (2 Chronicles 22:8)
- g) What verse speaks highly of Jehoshaphat when it makes reference to, "...Jehoshaphat, who sought the Lord with all his heart?" (2 Chronicles 22:9)
- h) What wicked woman, after the death of her son, "arose and destroyed all the seed royal of the house of Judah" saving for "Joash?" (Athaliah, vs. 10ff)
- i) What courageous woman saved "Joash" from the hands of the wicked Athaliah? (Jehoshabeath, vs. 11ff)
- j) How many years was "Joash" hidden "in the house of God?" (For 6 years, vs. 12)

2) Romans 13 – Read & Answer Below

- a) This chapters begins, "Let _____ soul be _____ unto the higher powers. For there is no power but of _____: the powers that be are _____ of God." (every; subject; God; ordained, vs. 1)
- b) According to Romans 13:2 (and understanding others passages that teach us to always obey God over men), should men resist the government and/or rebel against established law which is designed to punish the wicked? (Certainly not. Romans 13:2 is very clear. It says, "Whosoever therefore resisteth the power, resisteth the ordinance of God..." As other passages show (i.e., Acts 3-5, etc.), Christians should never obey a human law over God's law, but all things being equal, Christians should always strive to obey the law when such does not violate God's law. Why? Because the intent of government/law is for the good of mankind. Obviously, there are men who corrupt governments, etc., but as Romans 13:3 says, "For rulers are not a terror to good works, but to the evil..." Unless there is severe corruption in place, the government usually punishes criminals and protects the innocent.)
- c) Referring still to "rulers" (i.e., government/law), Romans 13:4 reads, "For he is the _____ of God to thee for good. But if thou do that which is _____, be afraid..." (minister; evil)
- d) Does Romans 13:4 authorize the government to enact the death penalty for crime/wickedness? (Absolutely! Compare the numerous Old Testament examples wherein God authorized such, Acts 25:11, etc.)
- e) According to Romans 13:6-7, should a Christian pay his/her taxes? (Yes! Again, the only exception to obeying civil law is when civil law violates God's law. God's law always comes first, but when there is no contradiction, both are to be obeyed. Why? Obedience to normal civil law shows Christians as examples of honesty and uprightness. The question then is this: Does this civil law cause us to violate God's law? If the answer is, "No," then certainly we should be model and obedient citizens in the communities in which we live by obedience thereto. If the answer is, "Yes," then we should always please God even if persecution or trial comes as a result of such. A study of Acts shows examples on both sides.)
- f) In what verse do we find, "Love worketh no ill to his neighbor: therefore love is the fulfilling of the law?" (Romans 13:10)
- g) What verse teaches us to "...cast off the works of darkness, and...put on the armour of light?" (Romans 13:12)

- h) Romans 13:14 tells us, “But put ye ___ the Lord Jesus Christ, and make not _____ for the flesh, to fulfill the _____ thereof.” (on; provision; lusts)

7. **Saturday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 23 – Read & Answer Below

- a) It was in the _____ year that Jehoiada the priest strengthened himself and was able to anoint Joash as king. (seventh, vs. 1)
- b) What are the last four words of 2 Chronicles 23:1? (into covenant with him)
- c) In 2 Chronicles 23:3, Jehoiada says, “...Behold, the king’s son shall reign, as the _____ hath said of the sons of _____.” (Lord; David)
- d) In the end of what verse does Jehoiada say, “...but all the people shall keep the watch of the Lord?” (2 Chronicles 23:6)
- e) 2 Chronicles 23:11 states, “Then they brought out the _____ son, and put upon him the _____, and gave him the testimony, and made him _____. And _____ and his sons anointed him, and said, God save the king.” (king’s; crown; king; Jehoiada)
- f) What person “rent her clothes, and said, Treason, Treason?” (Athaliah, vs. 13)
- g) What happened to the wicked and usurping Athaliah? (She was slain, vs. 14-15)
- h) What did “all the people” do “to the house of Baal?” (They broke it down, vs. 17ff)

2) Romans 13 – Read & Word Study/Research

- a) According to Romans 13:2 when a person resists the government (i.e., pertaining to law that does not violate God’s law), the text says that such rebels that resist this good and appropriate civil law, “...receive to themselves _____.” (damnation)
- b) Are “rulers” a terror to good works or toward evil works? (All else being equal, they are against evil doers/evil works, vs. 3. Note, there are 3 Divine Institutions that are from God: 1) The Home, 2) The Church and 3), The Government. All MAY be corrupted and MAY do much evil. However, when things are as they SHOULD BE all three are wonderful and necessary!)
- c) Speaking of capital punishment/death penalty, what verse says that the government (i.e., “rulers”), bear “not the sword in vain...?” (Romans 13:4)
- d) What verse says that rulers/civil law/government “...is the minister of God, a revenger to execute wrath upon him that doeth evil?” (Romans 13:4)
- e) Romans 13:7 declares, “Render therefore to ___ their _____.” (all; dues)
- f) What Old Testament Scripture is being referenced in Romans 13:9? (Certain of the ten commandments from Exodus 20:13-17. See also, Deuteronomy 5.)
- g) Speaking of the obligation of paying one’s debt, what verse says, “Owe no man anything...?” (Romans 13:8. Obviously this verse means simply that we are to pay our debts. If one pays for something over time that person is still paying what they owe. If one does not pay what they owe—i.e., continually misses payments, skips out on money owed, etc.—is not such action really theft?)
- h) What verse says, “...it is high time to awake out of sleep...?” (Romans 13:11)
- i) Romans 13:13 states, “Let us _____ honestly, as in the day; not in _____ and _____, not in _____ and _____, not in _____ and _____.” (walk; rioting; drunkenness; chambering; wantonness; strife; envying)