

# **THE BIBLE STUDY PROGRAM**

**WEEK 64 – 2 Chronicles 12 – 17 & Romans 10 – 11**

## **WEEK 64 – ANSWERS**

1. **Sunday** – Worship/Time With Family/Review Answers With Others

2. **Monday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 12 – Read & Answer Below

- a) 2 Chronicles 12:1 states, “And it came to pass, when \_\_\_\_\_ had established the kingdom, and had strengthened himself, he \_\_\_\_\_ the law of the Lord, and all \_\_\_\_\_ with him.” (Rehoboam; forsook; Israel)
- b) What “king of Egypt came up against Jerusalem?” (Shishak, vs. 2)
- c) What prophet came to Rehoboam and the princes of Judah? (Shemaiah, vs. 5)
- d) What verse says, “Whereupon the princes of Israel and the king humbled themselves; and they said, The Lord is righteous?” (2 Chronicles 12:6)
- e) Did Shishak king of Egypt take away the shields of gold that Solomon had made? (Yes, vs. 9-10)
- f) How many years did Rehoboam reign in Jerusalem? (17 years, vs. 13)
- g) Regarding Rehoboam, what verse declares, “And he did evil, because he prepared not his heart to seek the Lord?” (2 Chronicles 12:14)
- h) What verse mentions “Shemaiah the prophet” and “Iddo the seer” in the same verse? (2 Chronicles 12:15)

2) Romans 10 – Read Only

3. **Tuesday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 13 – Read & Answer Below

- a) During what year of king Jeroboam’s reign over Israel did Abijah began to reign over Judah? (It was during Jeroboam’s 18<sup>th</sup> year, vs. 1)
- b) How many years did Abijah reign over Judah? (3 years, vs. 2)
- c) Were Jeroboam and Abijah friends and allies? (Not at all, rather they warred against each other, vs. 2ff)
- d) What verse shows context when it declares, “And Abijah stood up upon mount Zemaraim, which is in mount Ephraim, and said, Hear me, thou Jeroboam, and all Israel?” (2 Chronicles 13:4)
- e) In 2 Chronicles 13:8, still speaking to Jeroboam and Israel, Abijah says, “And now ye think to \_\_\_\_\_ the kingdom of the Lord in the hand of the sons of David; and ye be a great multitude, and there are with you \_\_\_\_\_ calves, which \_\_\_\_\_ made you for gods.” (withstand; golden; Jeroboam)
- f) The end of 2 Chronicles 13:11 declares, “...for we \_\_\_\_\_ the charge of the Lord our God; but ye have \_\_\_\_\_ Him.” (keep; forsaken)
- g) After Jeroboam caused “an ambushment,” what verse says, “...it came to pass, that God smote Jeroboam and all Israel before Abijah and Judah.” (2 Chronicles 13:15)
- h) According to 2 Chronicles 13:18, Judah prevailed over the children of Israel, “because they \_\_\_\_\_ upon the \_\_\_\_\_ God of their fathers.” (relied; Lord)

- i) What verse mentions things being “written in the story of the prophet iddo?”  
(2 Chronicles 13:22)
- 2) Romans 10 – Read & Answer Below
- According to Romans 10:1, what group did Paul long to see saved? (The Israelites, vs. 1. Sadly, in the vast majority they had rejected Christ and Christianity.)
  - Romans 10:2 declares, “For I bear them record that they have a \_\_\_\_\_ of God, but not according to \_\_\_\_\_.” (zeal; knowledge)
  - What verse says, “For Christ is the end of the law for righteousness to every one that believeth?” (Romans 10:4)
  - Romans 10:9 says, “That if thou shalt \_\_\_\_\_ with thy mouth the Lord Jesus, and shalt \_\_\_\_\_ in thine heart that God hath raised Him from the dead, thou shalt be \_\_\_\_\_.” (confess; believe; saved)
  - What verse says, “For whosoever shall call upon the name of the Lord shall be saved?” (Romans 10:13. Compare this to Acts 22:16)
  - What verse contains the phrase, “How beautiful are the feet of them that preach the gospel of peace...?” (Romans 10:15)
  - Romans 10:17 clearly teaches that faith comes by hearing God’s Word when it says, “So then \_\_\_\_\_ cometh by \_\_\_\_\_, and hearing by the \_\_\_\_\_ of God.” (faith; hearing; word)
  - What Old Testament prophet/writer is referred to as being “very bold?” (Esaias or Isaiah, vs. 20)

4. Wednesday –

- 1) 2 Chronicles 14 – Read & Answer Below
- Who reigned after Abijah’s death? (His son, Asa, vs. 1)
  - How many years was “the land quiet” during the reign of Asa? (For 10 years, vs. 1)
  - Per 2 Chronicles 14:2, did Asa do that which was righteous and good, or did he live after the example of wickedness? (He did that which was good and right)
  - 2 Chronicles 14:4 tells us that Asa, “...commanded \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ the Lord God of their fathers, and to \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ and the commandment.” (Judah; seek; do; law)
  - What verse says of Asa, “Also he took away out of all the cities of Judah the high places and the images: and the kingdom was quiet before him?” (2 Chronicles 14:5)
  - 2 Chronicles 14:6 tells us, regarding Asa, “And he built \_\_\_\_\_ cities in Judah: for the land had rest...?” (fenced)
  - What verse tells us, “And there came out against them Zerah the Ethiopian...?” (2 Chronicles 14:9)
  - 2 Chronicles 14:11 reads, “And \_\_\_\_\_ cried unto the Lord his God, and said, Lord, it is nothing with Thee to \_\_\_\_\_, whether with \_\_\_\_\_, or with them that have \_\_\_\_\_ power: \_\_\_\_\_ us, O Lord our God; for we \_\_\_\_\_ on Thee, and in Thy name we go against this multitude. O Lord, Thou art our God; let not \_\_\_\_\_ prevail against Thee.” (Asa; help; many; no; help; rest; man)

2) Romans 10 – Read & Word Study/Research

- a) Speaking of Israel, Romans 10:3 says, “For they being \_\_\_\_\_ of God’s righteousness, and going about to establish their \_\_\_\_\_ righteousness, have not \_\_\_\_\_ themselves unto the righteousness of God.” (ignorant; own; submitted)
- b) What Old Testament passage is quoted in Romans 10:5? (Leviticus 18:5)
- c) What Old Testament passage is referenced in Romans 10:6-8? (Deuteronomy 30:11-14)
- d) What verse says, “For with the heart man believeth unto righteousness; and with the mouth confession is made unto salvation?” (Romans 10:10)
- e) What Old Testament Scripture is quoted in Romans 10:11? (Isaiah 28:16; See also Romans 9:33)
- f) What Old Testament passage is referenced in Romans 10:15? (Isaiah 52:7)
- g) What Old Testament passage is quoted in Romans 10:16? (Isaiah 53:1)
- h) What Old Testament passage is cited in Romans 10:19? (Deuteronomy 32:21)
- i) What Old Testament Scripture is quoted in Romans 10:20? (Isaiah 65:1)
- j) What passage in the Old Testament is cited in Romans 10:21? (Isaiah 65:2)

5. **Thursday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 15 – Read & Answer Below

- a) What person had “the spirit of God come upon him” and “he went out to meet Asa?” (Azariah, vs. 1-2)
- b) 2 Chronicles 15:2 states, “...The Lord is with you, while ye be \_\_\_\_\_ Him; and \_\_\_\_\_ ye \_\_\_\_\_ Him, he will be \_\_\_\_\_ of you; \_\_\_\_\_ if ye \_\_\_\_\_ Him, He will forsake you.” (with; if; seek; found; but; forsake)
- c) What verse refers to Israel being “without the true God, and without a teaching priest, and without law?” (2 Chronicles 15:3)
- d) The beautiful verse of 2 Chronicles 15:7 declares, “Be ye strong therefore, and let not your hands be \_\_\_\_\_: for your \_\_\_\_\_ shall be \_\_\_\_\_.” (weak; work; rewarded)
- e) After Asa heard the words spoken unto him, was he discouraged or encouraged? (He was encouraged. The text says, “He took courage, and put away the abominable idols out of all the land..., vs. 8”)
- f) 2 Chronicles 15:12 says, “And they entered into a \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ the Lord God of their fathers with all their \_\_\_\_\_ and with all their \_\_\_\_\_.” (covenant; seek; heart; soul)
- g) What did they say would or should happen to those “whether small or great, whether man or woman,” that would not seek the Lord? (They said that these should be put to death, vs. 13)
- h) Did Asa put family (i.e., his mother) above truth? (No. Instead, he put truth and God above his mother, vs. 16)
- i) What verse in this chapter says, “And there was no more war unto the five and thirtieth year of the reign of Asa?” (2 Chronicles 15:19)

2) Romans 11 – Read Only

6. **Friday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 16 – Read & Answer Below

- a) In the 36<sup>th</sup> year of the reign of Asa, king of Judah, what king of Israel came up against him and built Ramah? (Baasha, vs. 1)

- b) What “king of Syria” did Asa (king of Judah) entreat for aid against Baasha, the king of Israel? (He entreated Benhadad the king of Syria, vs. 2ff)
- c) Did the king of Syria adhere/listen to the entreaty from Asa, the king of Judah against Israel? (Yes, vs. 4)
- d) What did Asa build with the stones and lumber that Baasha left behind when “he left off building of Ramah, and let his work cease?” (Asa “built therewith Geba and Mizpah,” vs. 5-6)
- e) What prophet or seer did God sent to rebuke Asa for having trusted in the king of Syria instead of depending on God? (Hanani, vs. 7ff)
- f) What verse begins, “For the eyes of the Lord run to and fro throughout the whole earth...?” (2 Chronicles 16:9)
- g) What verse says, “Then Asa was wroth with the seer, and put him in a prison house...?” (2 Chronicles 16:10)
- h) When Asa became diseased in his feet, did he seek “the Lord” or “the physicians?” (2 Chronicles 16:12 makes it clear. Sadly, “he sought not the Lord, but to the physicians.”)
- i) Asa, the king of Judah, died during what year of his reign? (He died during the 41<sup>st</sup> year of his reign, vs. 13)

2) Romans 11 – Read & Answer Below

- a) Paul, the inspired penman of this letter, was “of the tribe of \_\_\_\_\_.” (Benjamin, vs. 1. Note, Benjamin was one of the two tribes that remained loyal to David (i.e., Judah/Benjamin) when the kingdom split)
- b) What great Old Testament prophet is quoted in Romans 11:2-3? (Elias or Elijah)
- c) In what verse does Paul refer to himself as “the apostle of the Gentiles?” (Romans 11:13)
- d) Speaking again of his love for and desire for Israel to be saved, in Romans 11:14 Paul states, “If by any means I may provoke to emulation them which are my \_\_\_\_\_, and might \_\_\_\_\_ some of \_\_\_\_\_.” (flesh; save; them)
- e) Contextually speaking of the Jews (who as a whole had rejected Christ) and Gentiles (i.e., specifically those who had obeyed the gospel and become Christians), what verse says, “For if God spared not the natural branches, take heed lest He also spare not thee?” (Romans 11:21)
- f) Showing both the justice and mercy of God, Romans 11:22 declares, “Behold therefore the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ of God....” (goodness; severity)
- g) Romans 11:27 says, “For this is My \_\_\_\_\_ unto them, when I shall take away their \_\_\_\_\_.” (covenant; sins)
- h) Romans 11:32 declares, “For \_\_\_\_\_ hath concluded them \_\_\_\_\_ in unbelief, that He might have \_\_\_\_\_ upon \_\_\_\_\_.” (God; all; mercy; all)

7. Saturday –

1) 2 Chronicles 17 – Read & Answer Below

- a) What was the name of Asa’s son, who reigned after him? (Jehoshaphat, vs. 1)
- b) Was Jehoshaphat a wicked or righteous and godly king? (He was righteous, vs. 3-4)
- c) 2 Chronicles 17:3-4 reads, “And the \_\_\_\_\_ was with Jehoshaphat, because he \_\_\_\_\_ in the first ways of his father David, and sought not unto Baalim; But sought to the \_\_\_\_\_ God of his father, and walked in his \_\_\_\_\_,”

- and \_\_\_\_ after the doings of \_\_\_\_.” (Lord; walked; Lord; commandments; not; Israel)
- d) 2 Chronicles 17:5 states, “Therefore the Lord stablished the kingdom in his hand; and all Judah brought to \_\_\_\_\_ presents; and he had \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ in abundance.” (Jehoshaphat; riches; honour)
  - e) 2 Chronicles 17:7 says that Jehoshaphat during the third year of his reign sent his princes and Levites “...to \_\_\_\_\_ in the cities of Judah.” (teach)
  - f) In the same context as 2 Chronicles 17:7, verse 9 says, “And they \_\_\_\_\_ in Judah, and had the book of the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Lord \_\_\_\_\_ them, and went about throughout all the cities of Judah, and \_\_\_\_\_ the people.” (taught; law; with; taught)
  - g) What verse says, “And Jehoshaphat waxed great exceedingly; and he built in Judah castles, and cities of store?” (2 Chronicles 17:12)
  - h) What mighty man of valor, whose father was named Zichri, “willingly offered himself unto the Lord?” (Amasiah, vs. 16)
- 2) Romans 11 – Read & Word Study/Research
- a) What Old Testament Scripture is quoted in Romans 11:3-4? (1 Kings 19:10, 18)
  - b) In what verse does Paul say, “Even so then at this present time also there is a remnant according to the election of grace?” (Romans 11:5)
  - c) What Old Testament passage is cited in Romans 11:8? (Isaiah 29:10 and Deuteronomy 29:4)
  - d) What Old Testament passage is quoted in Romans 11:9-10? (Psalm 69:22-23)
  - e) What verse says, “for if the firstfruit be holy, the lump is also holy: and if the root be holy, so are the branches?” (Romans 11:16)
  - f) Alluding to the Jews, Romans 11:20 says, “Well; because of \_\_\_\_\_ they were broken off. . . .” (unbelief)
  - g) According to Romans 11:22, is it possible for one to “fall away?” (Yes!)
  - h) According to Romans 11:22, is it possible for one “to remain faithful?” (Yes!)
  - i) What verse in this chapter says “...that blindness in part is happened to Israel, until the fullness of the Gentiles be come in?” (Romans 11:25)
  - j) What Old Testament passage is quoted in Romans 11:26? (Isaiah 59:20. See also Psalm 14:7)
  - k) What verse says, “O the depth of the riches both of the wisdom and knowledge of God. . . .?” (Romans 11:33)