

THE BIBLE STUDY PROGRAM

WEEK 62 – 1 Chronicles 29 – 2 Chronicles 5 & Romans 6 – 7

WEEK 62 – ANSWERS

1. **Sunday** – Worship/Time With Family/Review Answers With Others

2. **Monday** –

1) 1 Chronicles 29 – Read & Answer Below

- a) Fill in the blanks as it pertains to 1 Chronicles 29:1. The text says, “Furthermore _____ the king said unto all the congregation, _____ my son, whom alone God hath chosen, is yet young and tender, and the _____ is _____: for the place is not for man, but for the Lord God.” (David; Solomon; work; great)
- b) 1 Chronicles 29:2 begins, “Now I have _____ with all my _____ for the house of ___ God....” (prepared; might; my)
- c) In what verse does David say, “Moreover, because I have set my affection to the house of my God...?” (1 Chronicles 29:3)
- d) In what verse does David ask the question, “...And who then is willing to consecrate his service this day unto the Lord?” (1 Chronicles 29:5)
- e) Did the chief fathers, princes, etc. give willingly or unwillingly “for the service of the house of God?” (They “offered willingly,” vs. 6-7)
- f) 1 Chronicles 29:9 declares, “Then the people _____, for that they offered _____, because with perfect _____ they offered _____ to the Lord....” (rejoiced; willingly; heart; willingly)
- g) In 1 Chronicles 29:11 David prays, “Thine, O Lord, is the _____, and the _____, and the _____, and the _____, and the _____....” (greatness; power; glory; victory; majesty)
- h) In what verse does the prayerful David say, “...our days on the earth are as a shadow...?” (1 Chronicles 29:15)
- i) According to 1 Chronicles 29:17, did the people offer/give with sorrow or with joy? (With joy)
- j) In what verse does the text say, “...And they made Solomon the son of David king the second time, and anointed him unto the Lord...?” (1 Chronicles 29:22)
- k) How many years total did David reign as king? (40 years, vs. 27)

2) Romans 6 – Read Only

3. **Tuesday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 1 – Read & Answer Below

- a) What king is under consideration as this chapter opens? (Solomon, vs. 1ff)
- b) At this time, where was “the tabernacle?” (at Gibeon, vs. 3, 13)
- c) At this time, where was “the ark of God?” (at Jerusalem, vs. 4)
- d) In what verse does the text say, “In that night did God appear unto Solomon, and said unto him, Ask what I shall give thee?” (2 Chronicles 1:7)
- e) What did Solomon ask God to give him? (He asked for “wisdom and knowledge” so he would be able to judge/lead the people of Israel, vs. 10)

- f) Did God give Solomon above and beyond what he asked? (Yes. God gave him wisdom and knowledge, but also riches, and wealth, and honor, etc., vs. 12)
 - g) What verse says, “And the king made silver and gold at Jerusalem as plenteous as stones...?” (2 Chronicles 1:15)
 - h) Did Solomon gather unto himself horses? (Yes, vs. 14, 16-17)
- 2) Romans 6 – Read & Answer Below
- a) Should Christians who “are dead to sin, live any longer therein?” (No. As the text says, “God forbid” or literally, “May it not be so,” vs. 2. As 1st John makes abundantly clear those who have obeyed the gospel and become Christians should not live in sin like the world.)
 - b) Romans 6:3 plainly declares, “Know ye not, that so many of us as were _____ into Jesus Christ were _____ into His _____?” (baptized; baptized; death)
 - c) What verse in this chapter contains the phrase, “...that the body of sin might be destroyed, that henceforth we should not serve sin?” (Romans 6:6)
 - d) Romans 6:11 reads, “Likewise reckon ye also yourselves to be _____ indeed unto _____, but _____ unto _____ through _____ Christ our Lord.” (dead; sin; alive; God; Jesus)
 - e) What verse says, “But God be thanked, that ye were the servants of sin, but ye have obeyed from the heart that form of doctrine which was delivered you?” (Romans 6:17)
 - f) Speaking of the former life before Christianity, Romans 6:21 says, “What fruit had ye then in those things whereof ye are now _____? For the end of those things is _____.” (ashamed; death)
 - g) Referencing the process of becoming a Christian and leaving the sin and guilt of worldliness, Romans 6:22 reads, “But now being made _____ from _____, and become servants to God...” (free; sin)
 - h) Romans 6:23 teaches us, “For the _____ of _____ is _____; but the _____ of God is _____ life through _____ Christ our Lord.” (wages; sin; death; gift; eternal; Jesus)

4. Wednesday –

- 1) 2 Chronicles 2 – Read & Answer Below
- a) 2 Chronicles 2:1 tells us, “And _____ determined to build an _____ for the name of the Lord, _____ an house for his kingdom.” (Solomon; house; and)
 - b) How many men did Solomon have to “oversee” or manage these grand building projects? (He had 3,600 managers to oversee the tens of thousands that he had as workers, vs. 1-2, 18)
 - c) What was the name of the “king of Tyre,” as mentioned in 2 Chronicles 2:3? (Hiram)
 - d) What verse says, “And the house which I build is great: for great is our God above all gods?” (2 Chronicles 2:5)
 - e) In 2 Chronicles 2:9, Solomon states, “Even to prepare me timber in abundance: for the _____ which I am about to build shall be _____ great.” (house; wonderful)
 - f) What verse says, “Then Hiram the king of Tyre answered in writing...?” (2 Chronicles 2:11)

- g) Did Hiram send “a cunning man” to do/help with the skillful work of engraving, etc., as requested by Solomon? (Yes, vs. 7, 13)
 - h) Regarding this “cunning man,” of what tribe was his mother? Of what country was his father? (His mother was of the daughters of Dan and his father was of Tyre, vs. 14)
 - i) What verse says, “And Solomon numbered all the strangers that were in the land of Israel...?” (2 Chronicles 2:17)
- 2) Romans 6 – Read & Word Study/Research
- a) According to Romans 6:3 baptism puts one “into” what two things? (It puts one INTO Jesus Christ and INTO His Death. No wonder then that Peter taught what he did in Acts 2:38. No wonder that Acts 8:35ff mentions the eunuch saying, “See, here is water; what doth hinder me to be baptized?” No wonder why Ananias told Saul (Paul) to “arise, and be baptized, and wash away thy sins, calling on the name of the Lord.” No wonder why 1 Peter 3:21 speaks of water baptism as also now saving us. Obviously (in the mind of God) in water baptism one contacts the death of Christ wherein He shed His saving blood (Romans 5:9-10; 6:3-4). Compare also Galatians 3:27-29. A study of the Bible clearly shows us that it is the blood of Christ that saves us – Ephesians 1:7; Colossians 1:14; Revelation 1:5, etc.—however, Romans 6:3-4 makes it clear that it is IN BAPTISM (i.e., an immersion in water) that we contact Christ’s death wherein He shed His saving blood. To say that baptism does not matter is in essence to say that Christ’s blood does not matter!)
 - b) Romans 6:4 declares, “Therefore we are _____ with Him by _____ into _____: that like as Christ was raised up from the dead by the glory of the Father, even so we also should walk in _____ of life.” (buried; baptism; death; newness)
 - c) After discussing how one dies (Romans 6:3-6), Romans 6:7 says, “For he that is _____ is _____ from _____.” (dead; freed; sin)
 - d) What verse says, “Let not sin therefore reign in your mortal body, that ye should obey it in the lusts thereof?” (Romans 6:12)
 - e) Romans 6:13 tells us, “Neither yield ye your _____ as instruments of unrighteousness unto sin: but yield _____ unto God....” (members; yourselves)
 - f) What are the two choices facing mankind according to Romans 6:16? (Choice 1 – “sin unto death,” or Choice 2 – “obedience unto righteousness.”)
 - g) Per Romans 6:16-18, were the Romans Christians “made free from sin” before or after they “obeyed from the heart that form of doctrine which was delivered...?” (It was AFTER. Romans 6:18 says, “Being THEN made free from sin....”)
 - h) In what verse is the short phrase, “iniquity unto iniquity” found? It is found in the same verse as, “servants to righteousness unto holiness.” (Romans 6:19)
 - i) In what famous verse do we find, “For the wages of sin is death; but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord?” (Romans 6:23)

5. Thursday –

- 1) 2 Chronicles 3 – Read & Answer Below
 - a) 2 Chronicles 3:1 provides context when it states, “Then _____ began to build the _____ of the _____ at _____ in mount _____, where the Lord appeared unto David his father, in the place that David had

prepared in the threshingfloor of _____ the Jebusite.” (Solomon; house; Lord; Jerusalem; Moriah; Ornan)

- b) It was during the _____ year of Solomon’s reign that he began to build the house of the Lord. (fourth, vs. 2)
- c) Was Solomon give instructions regarding the building of the house of God or was he simply allowed to “do whatever” he wanted in this regard? (He was given instructions/a pattern, vs. 3)
- d) Was gold used sparingly or in abundance as it pertained to the temple? (After reading this chapter, the answer would definitely be ABUNDANCE, vs. 4ff)
- e) What verse says, “And he garnished the house with precious stones for beauty: and the gold was gold of Parvaim?” (2 Chronicles 3:6)
- f) 2 Chronicles 3:10 tells us, “And in the _____ holy house he made _____ cherubims of image work, and overlaid them with _____.” (most; two; gold)
- g) Referring to the two cherubims within the most holy place, what verse says, “...they stood on their feet, and their faces were inward?” (2 Chronicles 3:13)
- h) 2 Chronicles 3:14 declares, “And he made the _____ of _____, and _____, and _____, and fine linen, and wrought cherubims thereon.” (veil; blue; purple; crimson)
- i) What was the name of “the pillars before the temple?” (The one on the right hand was Jachin and the one on the left was Boaz, vs. 17)

2) Romans 7 – Read Only

6. **Friday** –

1) 2 Chronicles 4 – Read & Answer Below

- a) Per 2 Chronicles 4:1, this chapter begins, “Moreover he made an _____ of brass...” (altar)
- b) 2 Chronicles 4:2 continues, “Also he made a molten _____ of...” (sea)
- c) According to 2 Chronicles 4:4, the molten sea “stood upon _____ oxen...” (twelve)
- d) Were “the hinder parts” of these casted oxen facing outward or inward? (Inward, vs. 4)
- e) What verse says, “...but the sea was for the priests to wash in?” (2 Chronicles 4:6)
- f) What verse says, “...And Hiram finished the work that he was to make for king Solomon for the house of God?” (2 Chronicles 4:11)
- g) In the summary section, regarding what “Hiram finished...for king Solomon,” what verse says he made, “One sea, and twelve oxen under it?” (2 Chronicles 4:15)
- h) 2 Chronicles 4:17 tells us, “In the plain of _____ did the king cast them, in the clay ground between _____ and _____.” (Jordan; Succoth; Zeredathah)

2) Romans 7 – Read & Answer Below

- a) Romans 7:2 tells us, “For the woman which hath an husband is bound by the _____ to her _____ so long as he liveth; but if the husband be _____, she is _____ from the law of her husband.” (law; husband; dead; loosed)
- b) If a woman has a living husband, but engages in marriage with another man, what is she called? (An adulteress, vs. 3)

- c) Using the illustration of marriage, Romans 7:4 makes the context clear when it says, “Wherefore, my brethren, ye also are become _____ to the _____ by the _____ of _____; that ye should be _____ to another, even to Him who is raised from the dead....” (dead; law; body; Christ; married)
- d) What verse in the early part of this chapter refers to “the motions of sins, which were by the law...?” (Romans 7:5)
- e) Romans 7:6 forever states, “But now we are _____ from the law....” (delivered)
- f) In what verse does the inspired Paul say, “For I was alive without the law once...?” (Romans 7:9)
- g) Although clearly not able to offer salvation, the inherit nature of the Old Law itself “is _____, and the commandment _____, and _____, and _____” according to Romans 7:12. (holy; holy; just; good)
- h) What verse says, “For we know that the law is spiritual: but I am carnal, sold under sin?” (Romans 7:14)
- i) What verse says, “I find then a law, that, when I would do good, evil is present with me?” (Romans 7:21)

7. Saturday –

1) 2 Chronicles 5 – Read & Answer Below

- a) Per 2 Chronicles 5:1, we find, “Thus all the work that _____ made for the _____ of the Lord was _____; and Solomon brought in all the things that _____ his father had dedicated....” (Solomon; house; finished; David)
- b) 2 Chronicles 5:2 says, “Then Solomon assembled the _____ of Israel, and all the _____ of the tribes, the _____ of the fathers...unto Jerusalem, to bring up the _____ of the covenant....” (elders; heads; chief; ark)
- c) What verse says, “Wherefore all the men of Israel assembled themselves unto the king in the feast which was in the seventh month?” (2 Chronicles 5:3)
- d) What verse says that they “...sacrificed sheep and oxen, which could not be told nor numbered for multitude?” (2 Chronicles 5:6)
- e) 2 Chronicles 5:7 says, “And the priests brought in the ark of the covenant of the Lord unto his place, to the _____ of the house, into the _____ holy place, even under the wings of the _____.” (oracle; most; cherubims)
- f) What verse says at this time, “There was nothing in the ark save the two tables which Moses put therein at Horeb...?” (2 Chronicles 5:10)
- g) What were “the Levites...the singers, all of them of Asaph, of Heman, of Jeduthun” arrayed in? (In white linen, vs. 12)
- h) According to the end of this chapter, what was “the house of God” filled with? (A cloud/the glory of the Lord, vs. 13-14)

2) Romans 7 – Read & Word Study/Research

- a) Although the context involves being under the law of Christ and being delivered from the Old Law of Moses, the illustration of marriage and death of a spouse is used. According to Romans 7:1-4, if one’s legitimate spouse dies are they eligible to remarry another eligible person? (Yes, vs. 3)
- b) What verse says, “But now we are delivered from the law...?” (Romans 7:6)
- c) After saying we are delivered from the law, what verse reference a quotation from one of the “ten commandments?” (Romans 7:7)
- d) Which one of the “ten commandments” is specifically quoted by Paul in this chapter? (Thou shalt not covet, vs. 7)

- e) What does Paul mean when he writes in Romans 7:9, “For I was alive without the law once...?” (He could be referring to that “in his own opinion” before Christianity that he thought he was alive without God’s law, but more than likely he is referencing the innocence of childhood. In other words, before he was accountable (i.e., as a child) he was “alive without the law,” but once he reached the age of accountability he violated the law and felt the weight and guilt of sin upon him. This would especially make sense in light of the second part of Romans 7:9 – “...but when the commandment came, sin revived (i.e., came much alive – JR), and I died.”)
- f) In what verse is the short but powerful phrase, “that sin by the commandment might become exceeding sinful” found? (Romans 7:13)
- g) What verse says, “For I delight in the law of God after the inward man?” (Romans 7:22)
- h) In Romans 7:24 Paul (speaking from the vantage point of an unregenerated lost person) pleads, “O _____ man that I am! _____ shall deliver me from the body of this death?” (wretched; Who)
- i) The answer of deliverance is found in Romans 7:25. It states, “I _____ God through _____ Christ our Lord....” (thank; Jesus)